EduSahara™ Assignment

Name : Symmetry

Chapter : Symmetry

Grade : CBSE Grade VI

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1. The English alphabet letter 'T' has how many lines of symmetry?

   (i) three (ii) two (iii) infinite (iv) one (v) zero

2. The English alphabet letter 'I' has how many lines of symmetry?

   (i) infinite (ii) two (iii) zero (iv) one (v) three

3. The English alphabet letter 'R' has how many lines of symmetry?

   (i) zero (ii) three (iii) one (iv) two (v) infinite

4. The English alphabet letter 'O' has how many lines of symmetry?

   (i) infinite (ii) three (iii) one (iv) zero (v) two

5. Which of the following English alphabet letters have one line of symmetry?

   (i) H (ii) X (iii) C (iv) S (v) Z

6. Which of the following English alphabet letters have two lines of symmetry?

   (i) A (ii) I (iii) C (iv) J (v) Z

7. Which of the following English alphabet letters have zero lines of symmetry?

   (i) L (ii) K (iii) I (iv) H (v) M

8. Which of the following figures have no line of symmetry?

   a) line segment
   b) isosceles triangle
   c) scalene triangle
   d) equilateral triangle
   e) angle with equal arms
   f) angle with unequal arms

   (i) {d,e,c} (ii) {a,f,c} (iii) {a,c} (iv) {c,f} (v) {b,f}

9. Which of the following figures have one line of symmetry?

   a) angle with equal arms
   b) isosceles triangle
   c) scalene triangle
   d) angle with unequal arms
   e) equilateral triangle
   f) line segment
   g) isosceles right angled triangle
   h) right angled triangle

   (i) {c,a} (ii) {e,f,g} (iii) {h,a,b} (iv) {d,b} (v) {a,b,g}

10. Which of the following are true?

a) Axis of symmetry of a figure need not intersect with the figure at any point.
b) An obtuse angled triangle has zero lines of symmetry.
c) A figure can have multiple axes of symmetry.
d) For every point on the figure on one side of the axis of symmetry, there is a corresponding point on the other side.
e) A line segment has one line of symmetry.
f) Line of symmetry is perpendicular to axis of symmetry.
g) Line of symmetry and axis of symmetry are same.
h) A figure can be broken into two congruent shapes about its axis of symmetry.

(i) {a,h,c} (ii) {b,d} (iii) {e,f,g} (iv) {c,d,g,h} (v) {a,c}

11. Which of the following figures have two lines of symmetry?

a) line segment
b) angle with equal arms
c) isosceles triangle
d) square
e) rectangle
f) isosceles trapezium
g) kite
h) scalene triangle

(i) {g,e,a} (ii) {a,e} (iii) {d,f,a} (iv) {c,e} (v) {b,a}

12. Which of the following figures have three lines of symmetry?

a) isosceles triangle
b) equilateral triangle
c) scalene triangle
d) isosceles right angled triangle
e) line segment
f) right angle triangle

(i) {d,e,b} (ii) {f,b} (iii) {c,b} (iv) {a,b} (v) {b}

13. A median is an axis of symmetry in which of the given figures?

a) isosceles right angled triangle
b) scalene triangle
c) right angle triangle
d) isosceles triangle
e) equilateral triangle

(i) {c,d} (ii) {a,d,e} (iii) {b,a,d} (iv) {b,c,e} (v) {b,a}

14. Which of the following are true?

a) Line of symmetry divides the polygon into two identical shapes.
b) If a triangle has two lines of symmetry, then it is a regular polygon.
c) A regular polygon of n sides will have n lines of symmetry.
d) If a polygon is not regular, it will have less number of axes of symmetry than the number of sides.
e) Lines of symmetry of a regular polygon are nothing but the diagonals of a regular polygon.
f) An n-sided regular polygon has n/2 lines of symmetry if n is even.
g) If a quadrilateral has four lines of symmetry, then it is a regular polygon.

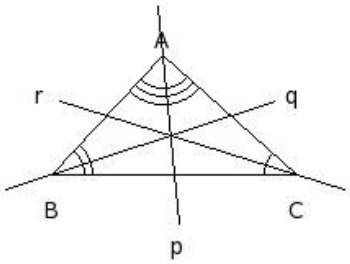
(i) {f,b,d} (ii) {a,c,d,g} (iii) {b,a} (iv) {e,c} (v) {e,g,a}

15. Which of the following figures have infinite lines of symmetry?

a) circle
b) n-sided polygon where n is very large
c) sector of a circle
d) line segment
e) semicircle

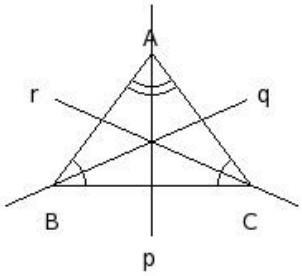
(i) {a} (ii) {c,a} (iii) {d,e,a} (iv) {b,a}

16. Identify the line(s) of symmetry in the following figure



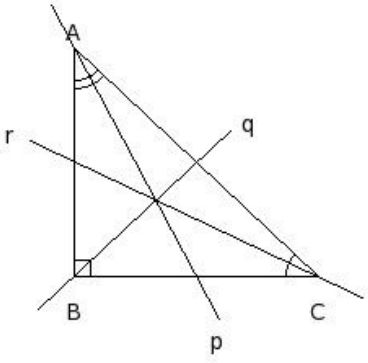
(i) { p, q, r } (ii) none (iii) r (iv) p (v) q

17. Identify the line(s) of symmetry in the following figure



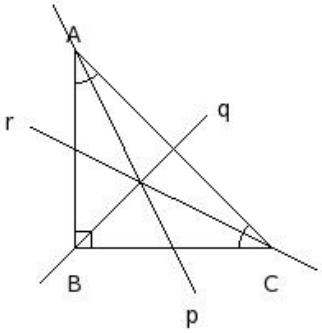
(i) none (ii) { p, q, r } (iii) p (iv) q (v) r

18. Identify the line(s) of symmetry in the following figure



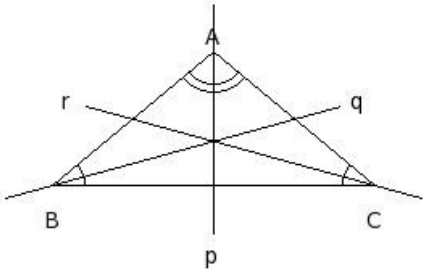
(i) { p, q, r } (ii) q (iii) p (iv) r (v) none

19. Identify the line(s) of symmetry in the following figure



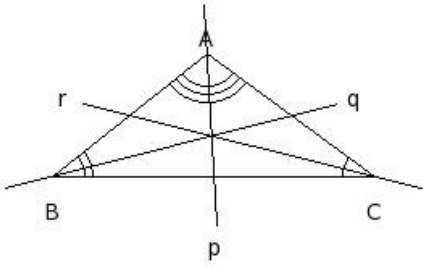
(i) { p, q, r } (ii) r (iii) q (iv) p (v) none

20. Identify the line(s) of symmetry in the following figure



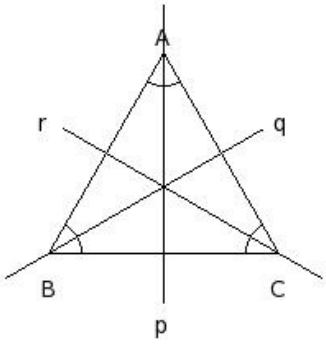
(i) { p, q, r } (ii) none (iii) p (iv) r (v) q

21. Identify the line(s) of symmetry in the following figure



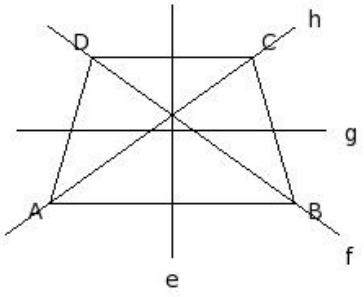
(i) { p, q, r } (ii) p (iii) r (iv) none (v) q

22. Identify the line(s) of symmetry in the following figure



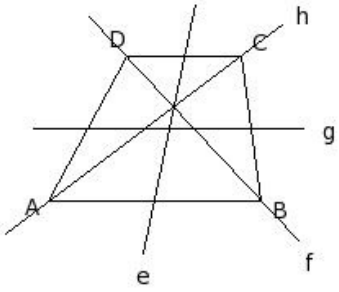
(i) r (ii) { p, q, r } (iii) p (iv) q (v) none

23. Which of the following are line(s) of symmetry for the given isosceles trapezium?



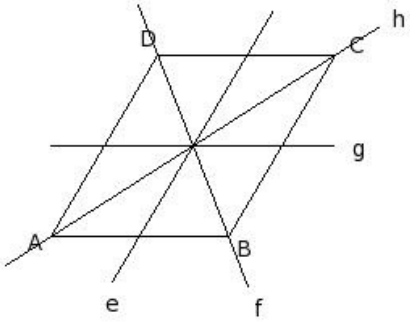
(i) { e, f, g, h } (ii) { f, h } (iii) { e, g } (iv) e (v) h

24. Which of the following are line(s) of symmetry for the given trapezium?



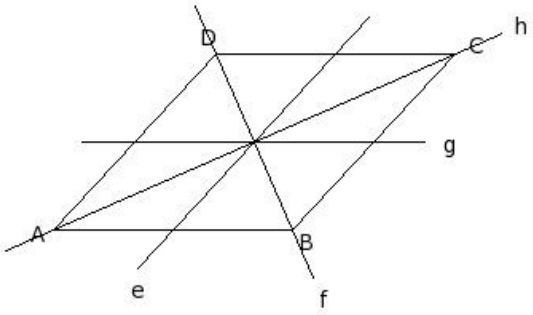
(i) { e, f, g, h } (ii) none (iii) e (iv) g (v) f

25. Which of the following are line(s) of symmetry for the given parallelogram?



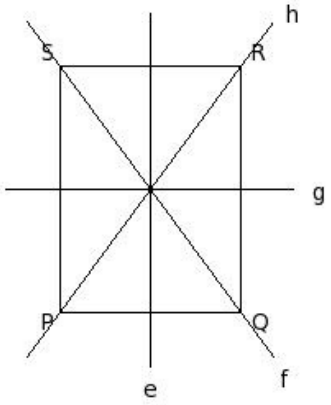
(i) { e, g } (ii) { f, h } (iii) h (iv) f (v) none

26. Which of the following are line(s) of symmetry for the given rhombus?



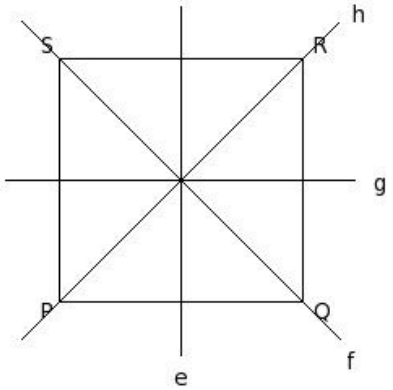
(i) none (ii) { e, g } (iii) { e, f, g, h } (iv) { f, h } (v) f

27. Which of the following are line(s) of symmetry for the given rectangle?



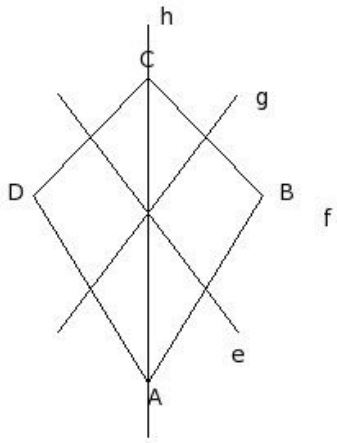
(i) { e, g } (ii) f (iii) none (iv) h (v) g

28. Which of the following are line(s) of symmetry for the given square?



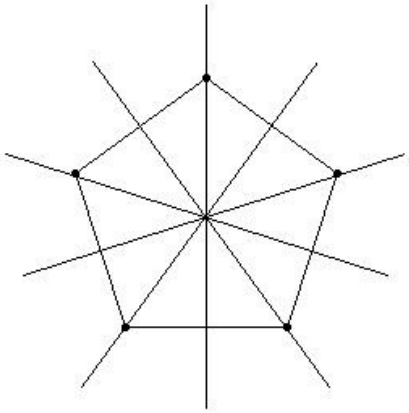
(i) { f, h } (ii) { e, f, g, h } (iii) h (iv) e (v) { e, g }

29. Which of the following are line(s) of symmetry for the given kite?



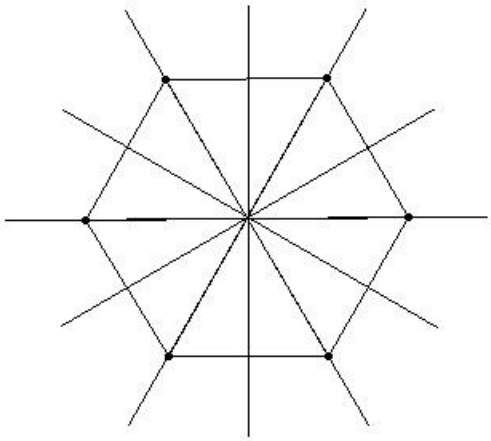
(i) g (ii) f (iii) none (iv) h (v) { f, h }

30. Given figure has how many lines of symmetry?



(i) 2 (ii) 7 (iii) 6 (iv) 5 (v) 4

31. Given figure has how many lines of symmetry?



(i) 7 (ii) 3 (iii) 8 (iv) 5 (v) 6

Assignment Key

1) (iv)	2) (ii)	3) (i)	4) (i)	5) (iii)	6) (ii)
7) (i)	8) (iv)	9) (v)	10) (iv)	11) (ii)	12) (v)
13) (ii)	14) (ii)	15) (i)	16) (ii)	17) (iii)	18) (v)
19) (iii)	20) (iii)	21) (iv)	22) (ii)	23) (iv)	24) (ii)
25) (v)	26) (iv)	27) (i)	28) (ii)	29) (iv)	30) (iv)
31) (v)					

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