



1. The first term of the A.P. 5, 11, 17, 23, 29, ... =

- (i) 29 (ii) 11 (iii) 17 (iv) 23 (v) 5

2. The first term of the A.P.  $\frac{2}{3}, \frac{19}{24}, \frac{11}{12}, \frac{25}{24}, \frac{7}{6}, \dots$  =

- (i)  $\frac{25}{24}$  (ii)  $\frac{7}{6}$  (iii)  $\frac{19}{24}$  (iv)  $\frac{2}{3}$  (v)  $\frac{11}{12}$

3. The common difference of the A.P. 8, 13, 18, ... =

- (i) 5 (ii) 4 (iii) 3 (iv) 8 (v) 6

4. The common difference of the A.P.  $\frac{1}{2}, \frac{11}{18}, \frac{13}{18}, \dots$  =

- (i)  $(-\frac{1}{9})$  (ii)  $\frac{1}{11}$  (iii)  $\frac{1}{7}$  (iv)  $\frac{1}{9}$  (v)  $\frac{1}{3}$

5. Find  $t_{15}$  of the A.P. 4, 11, 18, ... =

- (i) 102 (ii) 103 (iii) 101 (iv) 99 (v) 105

6. Find  $t_7$  of the A.P.  $\frac{8}{3}, \frac{35}{12}, \frac{19}{6}, \dots$  =

- (i)  $\frac{25}{6}$  (ii)  $\frac{23}{6}$  (iii)  $\frac{9}{2}$  (iv)  $\frac{25}{4}$  (v)  $\frac{25}{8}$

7. Find  $S_{22}$  of the A.P. 8, 13, 18, ... =

- (i) 1332 (ii) 1331 (iii) 1330 (iv) 1329 (v) 1334

8. Find  $S_{14}$  of the A.P.  $\frac{6}{7}, \frac{19}{14}, \frac{13}{7}, \dots$  =

- (i)  $\frac{117}{2}$  (ii)  $\frac{113}{2}$  (iii)  $\frac{115}{4}$  (iv)  $\frac{115}{2}$  (v) 115

9. Determine  $t_{11}$  of an A.P whose  $t_{14}$  is 118 and common difference is 9

- (i) 92 (ii) 91 (iii) 90 (iv) 89 (v) 94

10. Determine  $t_8$  of an A.P whose  $t_{17}$  is  $\frac{25}{3}$  and common difference is  $\frac{1}{2}$

- (i)  $\frac{23}{8}$  (ii)  $\frac{23}{6}$  (iii)  $\frac{25}{6}$  (iv)  $\frac{23}{4}$  (v)  $\frac{7}{2}$

11. The  $t_{18}$  of an A.P. is 162 and the  $t_{16}$  is 144 . Find  $t_8$ .

- (i) 72 (ii) 69 (iii) 73 (iv) 75 (v) 71

12. The  $t_{11}$  of an A.P. is  $\frac{29}{12}$  and the  $t_5$  is  $\frac{17}{12}$ . Find  $t_{15}$ .

- (i)  $\frac{13}{4}$  (ii)  $\frac{37}{10}$  (iii)  $\frac{37}{12}$  (iv)  $\frac{35}{12}$  (v)  $\frac{37}{14}$

13. Which term of the A.P. 1, 8, 15, ... is 127?

- (i)  $t_{18}$  (ii)  $t_{16}$  (iii)  $t_{19}$  (iv)  $t_{20}$  (v)  $t_{21}$

14. Which term of the A.P.  $\frac{5}{9}, \frac{8}{9}, \frac{11}{9}, \dots$  is  $\frac{47}{9}$ ?

- (i)  $t_{15}$  (ii)  $t_{16}$  (iii)  $t_{14}$  (iv)  $t_{17}$  (v)  $t_{12}$

15. The sum of first three terms of an A.P. is 6  
while their product is 6. Find the A.P.

- (i) 1, 2, 3, ... (ii) 1, 0, -1, ... (iii) 2, 3, 4, ... (iv) 4, 5, 6, ... (v) 1, 1, 1, ...

The sum of first three terms of an A.P. is  $\frac{111}{20}$

16. while their product is  $\frac{777}{125}$ . Find the A.P.

- (i)  $2, \frac{9}{4}, \frac{5}{2}, \dots$  (ii)  $\frac{8}{5}, \frac{37}{20}, \frac{21}{10}, \dots$  (iii)  $\frac{8}{5}, \frac{27}{20}, \frac{11}{10}, \dots$  (iv)  $\frac{8}{5}, \frac{21}{10}, \frac{13}{5}, \dots$  (v)  $\frac{8}{7}, \frac{39}{28}, \frac{23}{14}, \dots$

17. Insert 2 arithmetic means between 1 and 22.

- (i) 7, 13 (ii) 6, 11 (iii) 9, 17 (iv) 11, 21 (v) 8, 15

18. Insert 2 arithmetic means between  $\frac{3}{2}$  and  $\frac{5}{2}$ .

- (i)  $\frac{11}{6}, \frac{13}{6}$  (ii)  $\frac{5}{2}, \frac{7}{2}$  (iii)  $\frac{17}{10}, \frac{19}{10}$  (iv)  $\frac{7}{6}, \frac{5}{6}$

19. If  $a = 4$  and  $d = 8$ , find  $t_4$  of the A.P.

- (i) 27 (ii) 29 (iii) 30 (iv) 26 (v) 28

20. If  $a = \frac{8}{7}$  and  $d = \frac{1}{6}$ , find  $t_2$  of the A.P.

- (i)  $\frac{19}{14}$  (ii)  $\frac{11}{8}$  (iii)  $\frac{5}{4}$  (iv)  $\frac{55}{42}$  (v)  $\frac{53}{42}$

21. How many terms of the A.P. 9, 18, 27, ... are needed to make the sum 405?

- (i) 10 (ii) 9 (iii) 7 (iv) 11 (v) 8

22. How many terms of the A.P.  $\frac{9}{5}, 2, \frac{11}{5}, \dots$  are needed to make the sum 27?

- (i) 10 (ii) 7 (iii) 11 (iv) 12 (v) 9

23. If  $a = 30$  and  $b = 44$ ,

the arithmetic mean of  $a$  and  $b$  =

- (i) 38 (ii) 40 (iii) 37 (iv) 36 (v) 35

24. If  $a = \frac{31}{5}$  and  $b = \frac{103}{15}$ ,

the arithmetic mean of  $a$  and  $b$  =

- (i)  $\frac{98}{15}$  (ii)  $\frac{32}{5}$  (iii)  $\frac{20}{3}$  (iv)  $\frac{98}{13}$  (v)  $\frac{98}{17}$

25. Find the sum of first 79 natural numbers

- (i) 3158 (ii) 3161 (iii) 3160 (iv) 3159 (v) 3163

26. Find the next 4 terms of the following A.P.

$(-6a+4b), (-2a-b), (2a-6b), \dots$

- (i)  $(-4a-2b), (-7b), (4a-12b), (8a-17b)$  (ii)  $(12a-15b), (16a-20b), (20a-25b), (24a-30b)$   
(iii)  $(-7b), (4a-12b), (8a-17b), (12a-22b)$  (iv)  $(10a-16b), (14a-21b), (18a-26b), (22a-31b)$   
(v)  $(6a-11b), (10a-16b), (14a-21b), (18a-26b)$

27. Find  $t_n$  of the A.P 2, 9, 16, 23, 30, ...

- (i)  $(4n-5)$  (ii)  $(7n-3)$  (iii)  $(10n-5)$  (iv)  $(7n-5)$  (v)  $(7n+2)$

28. Find  $t_n$  of the A.P  $\frac{3}{4}, \frac{5}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, \frac{9}{4}, \frac{11}{4}, \dots$

- (i)  $(-\frac{7}{2}n + \frac{1}{4})$  (ii)  $(\frac{1}{2}n + \frac{3}{4})$  (iii)  $(\frac{5}{2}n + \frac{1}{4})$  (iv)  $(\frac{1}{2}n + \frac{1}{4})$  (v)  $(\frac{1}{2}n + 1)$

29. The  $t_8$  of an A.P is  $p$  and  $t_9$  is  $q$ . Find  $t_{10}$  and  $t_n$ .

- (i)  $q, (-pn+9p+qn-8q)$  (ii)  $(-2p+3q), (-pn+8p+qn-7q)$  (iii)  $(-p+2q), (-pn+9p+qn-8q)$   
(iv)  $(7p-5q), (-pn+17p+qn-15q)$  (v)  $(-p+2q), (-pn+p+qn-q)$

30. Determine  $k$  so that  $(6k+8), (9k+6)$  and

$(6k+7)$  are the consecutive terms of an A.P

- (i)  $\frac{1}{4}$  (ii)  $(\frac{-1}{2})$  (iii) 1 (iv)  $\frac{3}{2}$  (v)  $\frac{1}{2}$

31. The product of two numbers is 30195 and their arithmetic mean is 174.

Find the two numbers.

- (i) (165, 183) (ii) (185, 167) (iii) (166, 184) (iv) (165, 182) (v) (167, 183)

32. Find the common difference and next four terms of the following A.P. 3, 12, 21, ... =

- (i) 10; 27, 35, 43, 51 (ii) 9; 30, 39, 48, 57 (iii) 10; 30, 39, 48, 57 (iv) 10; 33, 43, 53, 63

Find the common difference and next four terms of the

33. following A.P.  $\frac{9}{5}, \frac{41}{20}, \frac{23}{10}, \dots =$

- (i)  $\frac{1}{4}; \frac{51}{20}, \frac{14}{5}, \frac{61}{20}, \frac{33}{10}$  (ii)  $1\frac{1}{4}; \frac{51}{20}, \frac{14}{5}, \frac{61}{20}, \frac{33}{10}$  (iii)  $1\frac{1}{4}; \frac{111}{20}, \frac{34}{5}, \frac{161}{20}, \frac{93}{10}$   
(iv)  $1\frac{1}{4}; (\frac{-9}{20}), (\frac{-6}{5}), (\frac{-39}{20}), (\frac{-27}{10})$

34. Find the sum of all natural numbers between 1 and 100 which are multiples of 3?

- (i) 1682 (ii) 1685 (iii) 1681 (iv) 1684 (v) 1683

35. Find the sum of all natural numbers between 100 and 200 which are multiples of 4?

- (i) 3597 (ii) 3600 (iii) 3601 (iv) 3599 (v) 3602

36. Find the sum of the following A.P. series

$(7x+8y), (11x+17y), (15x+26y) \dots$  to 14 terms

- (i)  $(360x+810y)$  (ii)  $(462x+931y)$  (iii)  $(399x+797y)$  (iv)  $(407x+815y)$  (v)  $(374x+826y)$

37. Given  $a = 2, d = 5, S_n = 119$ , find  $t_n$

- (i) 33 (ii) 30 (iii) 34 (iv) 32 (v) 31

38. Given  $a = 5, d = 5, S_n = 390$ , find  $n$

- (i) 12 (ii) 14 (iii) 11 (iv) 9 (v) 13

39. Given  $a = 9, d = 5, n = 19$ , find  $t_n$

- (i) 98 (ii) 100 (iii) 96 (iv) 101 (v) 99

40. Given  $a = 7, d = 4, n = 6$ , find  $S_n$

- (i) 103 (ii) 105 (iii) 99 (iv) 101 (v) 102

41. Given  $t_n = 58, n = 8, S_n = 240$ , find  $a$

- (i) 1 (ii) 2 (iii) 3 (iv) 4 (v) 0

42. Given  $t_n = 76, n = 15, S_n = 615$ , find  $d$

- (i) 6 (ii) 7 (iii) 2 (iv) 4 (v) 5

43. Given  $t_n = 158, d = 9, n = 18$ , find  $a$

- (i) 3 (ii) 5 (iii) 6 (iv) 4 (v) 8

44. Given  $t_n = 180, d = 9, n = 20$ , find  $S_n$

- (i) 1892 (ii) 1889 (iii) 1890 (iv) 1887 (v) 1891

45. Given  $t_n = 96, a = 6, n = 16$ , find  $S_n$

- (i) 816 (ii) 818 (iii) 815 (iv) 814 (v) 817

46. Given  $t_n = 44, a = 8, n = 5$ , find  $d$

- (i) 12 (ii) 8 (iii) 9 (iv) 6 (v) 10

47. Find  $t_n$  of the A.P 7, 9, 11, ...

- (i)  $(2n+5)$  (ii)  $(2n+7)$  (iii)  $(-2n+5)$  (iv)  $(2n+12)$  (v)  $(6n+5)$

48. If  $S_{90}$  and  $S_{80}$  of an A.P. are 36495 and 28840 respectively, then  $S_{170} =$

- (i) 130135 (ii) 130136 (iii) 130137 (iv) 130132

If  $x \neq y$  and the sequences  $x, a_1, a_2, y$  and  $x, b_1, b_2, y$

49. each are in A.P., then  $\frac{a_2 - a_1}{b_2 - b_1} =$

- (i)  $\frac{4}{3}$  (ii)  $\frac{2}{3}$  (iii)  $\frac{3}{2}$  (iv)  $(\frac{-3}{4})$  (v) 1

50. If there are  $n$  arithmetic means between  $a$  and  $b$ , the common difference  $d =$

- (i)  $\frac{(a-b)}{(n+1)}$  (ii)  $\frac{(a+b)}{(n+1)}$  (iii)  $\frac{(b-a)}{(n-1)}$  (iv)  $\frac{(n-1)}{(a+b)}$  (v)  $\frac{(b-a)}{(n+1)}$

51. The sum of first  $n$  natural number is

- (i)  $\frac{(n)(n+1)(2n+1)}{6}$  (ii)  $\frac{(n)(n-1)}{2}$  (iii)  $\frac{(n-1)(n+1)}{2}$  (iv)  $\frac{n^2(n+1)^2}{4}$  (v)  $\frac{(n)(n+1)}{2}$

The measures of the interior angles of a convex polygon are in A.P.

52. If the smallest angle is 129 and the largest angle is 141,

then the number of sides of the polygon is

- (i) 8 (ii) 10 (iii) 9 (iv) 5 (v) 7

53. If the  $t_n$  of an A.P is  $(7n+2)$ , find  $S_n$

- (i)  $\frac{(7)(n^2+n)}{2} + 2n$  (ii)  $\frac{(5)(n^2+n)}{2} + 6n$  (iii)  $\frac{(2)(n^2+n)}{2} + 6n$  (iv)  $\frac{(9)(n^2+n)}{2} + 8n$

- (v)  $\frac{(6)(n^2+n)}{2} + 7n$

## Assignment Key

1) (v)	2) (iv)	3) (i)	4) (iv)	5) (i)	6) (i)
7) (ii)	8) (iv)	9) (ii)	10) (ii)	11) (i)	12) (iii)
13) (iii)	14) (i)	15) (i)	16) (ii)	17) (v)	18) (i)
19) (v)	20) (iv)	21) (ii)	22) (i)	23) (iii)	24) (i)
25) (iii)	26) (v)	27) (iv)	28) (iv)	29) (iii)	30) (v)
31) (i)	32) (ii)	33) (i)	34) (v)	35) (ii)	36) (ii)
37) (iv)	38) (i)	39) (v)	40) (v)	41) (ii)	42) (v)
43) (ii)	44) (iii)	45) (i)	46) (iii)	47) (i)	48) (i)
49) (v)	50) (v)	51) (v)	52) (i)	53) (i)	

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