

- EduSahara™ Assignment
- Given class interval 23 33 in exclusive form, its class mark is
 (i) 26 (ii) 28 (iii) 27 (iv) 29 (v) 30
- 2. Given class interval 33 39 in exclusive form, its mid value is
 (i) 36 (ii) 38 (iii) 37 (iv) 34 (v) 35
- 3. If the upper and lower limit of class interval are 35 and 31 respectively, then the class interval is
 (i) 30.5-35.5 (ii) 31-35 (iii) 31.5-34.5 (iv) 30.5-35 (v) 31-35.5
- 4. If the lower and upper limit of class interval are 11 and 20 respectively, then the class interval is
 (i) 11-20 (ii) 11.5-19.5 (iii) 10.5-20 (iv) 11-20.5 (v) 10.5-20.5
- 5. The class boundaries of 38 43 which is in exclusive form are
 (i) 37.5-43.5 (ii) 38-43.5 (iii) 37.5-43 (iv) 38-43 (v) 38.5-42.5
- 6. The class boundaries of 10 20 which is in inclusive form are
 (i) 9-21 (ii) 9.5-20.5 (iii) 9.5-21 (iv) 10-20 (v) 9-20.5
- 7. Convert the exclusive form of the class interval 28.5 33.5 to inclusive form
 (i) 29-33.5 (ii) 29-33 (iii) 28.5-33 (iv) 28.5-33.5 (v) 29.5-32.5
- 8. Convert the inclusive form of the class interval 28 36 to exclusive form
 (i) 27-37 (ii) 28-36 (iii) 27.5-36.5 (iv) 27.5-37 (v) 27-36.5
- 9. Convert the discontinuous form of the class interval 38 46 to continuous form
 (i) 37-46.5 (ii) 38-46 (iii) 37-47 (iv) 37.5-46.5 (v) 37.5-47
- 10. Convert the continuous form of the class interval 35.5 43.5 to discontinuous form
 (i) 36-43 (ii) 36-43.5 (iii) 35.5-43.5 (iv) 35.5-43 (v) 36.5-42.5

11. The class size used in the below table is	Class-Interval	19 - 24	25 - 30	31 - 36	37 - 42
	Frequency	13	17	12	21

(i) 3 (ii) 9 (iii) 6 (iv) 7 (v) 5

12. The class size used in the below table is	Class-Interval	18 - 23	23 - 28	28 - 33	33 - 38	
12. The class size used in the below table is	Frequency	5	12	26	27	

(i) 8 (ii) 2 (iii) 4 (iv) 5 (v) 6

13. Which of the following are true?

- a) The true lower limit of the inclusive form class interval 20 30 is 20.
- b) Each numerical figure in a data set is called an observation.
- c) The true lower limit of the exclusive form class interval 20 30 is 20.
- d) The number of times a particular observation occurs is called its frequency.
- e) The difference between the true upper limit and true lower limit is called the class mark.

(i) $\{b,c,d\}$ (ii) $\{e,c\}$ (iii) $\{a,e,d\}$ (iv) $\{a,b,c\}$ (v) $\{a,b\}$

14. Which of the following class intervals are in inclusive form?

a) 52 - 60 , 61 - 69 , 70 - 78,...
b) 24.5 - 33.5 , 33.5 - 42.5 , 42.5 - 51.5...
c) 25 - 33 , 33 - 41 , 41 - 49,...
d) 49 - 57 , 57 - 65 , 65 - 73...
e) 25 - 33 , 34 - 42 , 43 - 51,...

(i) $\{d,b,a\}$ (ii) $\{a,e\}$ (iii) $\{b,a\}$ (iv) $\{c,e\}$ (v) $\{c,e,a\}$

The class mark of the class with frequency x is

Class-Interval	Frequency			
14 - 24	11			
25 - 35	13			
36 - 46	x			
47 - 57	27			
58 - 68	21]		
(i) 40 (ii) 42	(iii) 44 (iv)	38	(v)	41

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The class mark of the class with frequency x is

	Class-Interval	Frequency		
	17 - 22	15		
16.	22 - 27	5	1	
	27 - 32	22	1	
	32 - 37	1	1	
	37 - 42	х]	
	(i) $\frac{79}{2}$ (ii) 40	(iii) <u>157</u> (i	iv) $\frac{77}{2}$	(v) $\frac{81}{2}$

The mid value of the class with frequency x is

	Cla	ass-	Inte	rval	Fre	que	ncy		
		16	- 26			10			
17.		27	- 37			30			
		38	- 48			Х			
		49	- 59			15			
		60	- 70			15			
	(i)	45	(ii)	43	(iii)	40	(iv)	44	(v

The mid value of the class with frequency x is

								•
С	lass-	Inte	rval	Fre	que	ncy		
	18	- 28			7			
. 🗌	28	- 38			23			
	38	- 48			х			
	48	- 58			2			
	58	- 68			16			
(i) 44	(ii)	42	(iii)	43	(iv)	41	41 (v)

The class boundaries of the class with frequency x is

Class-Interval	Frequency
26 - 34	2
35 - 43	2
44 - 52	25
53 - 61	х
62 - 70	24
	26 - 34 35 - 43 44 - 52 53 - 61

(i) 52-61.5 (ii) 53-61 (iii) 52-62 (iv) 52.5-61.5 (v) 52.5-62

The class boundaries of the class with frequency x is

	Class-Interval	Frequency
	23 - 29	22
20.	29 - 35	5
	35 - 41	х
	41 - 47	8
	47 - 53	27

(i) 35.5-40.5 (ii) 35-41.5 (iii) 34.5-41 (iv) 35-41 (v) 34.5-41.5

The true lower limit and true upper limit of the class with frequency x is

	Class-Interval	Frequency					
	27 - 32	22					
21.	33 - 38	7					
	39 - 44	18					
	45 - 50	27					
	51 - 56	х					
	(i) 51-56 (ii) 5	50-57 (iii) 5	(0.5-57	0.5-57 (iv)	0.5-57 (iv) 50.5-56.5	0.5-57 (iv) 50.5-56.5 (v)

The true lower limit and true upper limit of the class with frequency x is

Class-Interval	Frequency
24 - 29	6
29 - 34	11
34 - 39	4
39 - 44	15
44 - 49	х
	24 - 29 29 - 34 34 - 39 39 - 44

(i) 44-49 (ii) 43.5-49.5 (iii) 43.5-49 (iv) 44-49.5 (v) 44.5-48.5

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The lower limit of the class with frequency x is

Cla	ass-l	nte	rval	Fre	equ	ency			
	47	- 52			х				
	53	- 58			25				
	59	- 64			21				
	65	- 70			27	,			
	71	- 76			20				
(i)	46	(ii)	10	(iiii)	48	(iv)	45	(\mathbf{v})	47

The upper limit of the class with frequency x is

	Class-Interval	Frequency
	28 - 37	3
24.	37 - 46	24
	46 - 55	3
	55 - 64	16
	64 - 73	х
	(1) =0 (1) =0	

(i) 72 (ii) 73 (iii) 71 (iv) 75 (v) 74

Given class interval table, find the sum of frequencies.

25.	Cla	ass-	Inte	rval	18	- 28	29	- 39	40	- 50	51 -	61
	F	req	uen	су	-	17	1	.8		1	19	
	(i)	56	(ii)	58	(iii)	52	(iv)	54	(v)	55		

Given class interval table, find the sum of frequencies.

26.	Cla	ass-	Inte	rval	40	- 48	48	- 56	56	- 64	64 -	72
	F	req	uen	су	2	20		9	2	27	1	6
	(i)	70	(ii)	73	(iii)	71	(iv)	74	(v)	72		

27. Which of the following are continuous variables?

a) Weights of persons in a group.

b) Number of members in a family.

c) Heights of children in a class.

d) Number of workers in a factory.

e) Wages of workers in a factory.

(i) {a,c,e} (ii) {b,a,c} (iii) {d,c} (iv) {b,d,e} (v) {b,a}

28. Which of the following are discontinuous variables?

a) Number of members in a family.

b) Wages of workers in a factory.

c) Weights of persons in a group.

d) Number of workers in a factory.

e) Heights of children in a class.

(i) $\{a,d\}$ (ii) $\{b,a\}$ (iii) $\{c,d\}$ (iv) $\{c,d,a\}$ (v) $\{e,b,a\}$

	Give	n table in inc	lusiv	e form,	cor	nvert	it in	nto e	xclus	sive f	orr	n.				
29.	Cla	ss-Interval	5 - 1	.5 16 - 1	26	27 - 3	37	38 -	48	49 - !	59	60 -	70			
	Fi	requency	50	30		11		11	L	30		42				
	(1)	(i) Class-Interv		5.5 - 15	.5	16.5	- 26	5.5 2	27.5	- 37.	5	38.5 -	48.5	49	.5 - 59.5	60.5 - 70.5
	(i)	Frequenc	:y	50		3	0		1	1		1	1		30	42
	(::)	Class-Inte	rval	4.5 - 15	5 1	5.5 - 2	26	26.5	5 - 37	37	.5 -	- 48 4	48.5 -	59	59.5 - 70]
	(ii)	Frequen	су	50		30		1	1		11		30		42	
	(:::)	Class-Inte	rval	4.5 - 1	5.5	15.5	i - 2	6.5	26.5	- 37	.5	37.5	- 48.5	48	8.5 - 59.5	59.5 - 70.5
	(iii)	Frequen	cy	50			30			11			11		30	42
	(5.7)	Class-Inte	erval	5 - 15	15	- 25	25	- 35	35	- 45	45	5 - 55	55 - 6	55		
	(iv)	Frequer	су	22		48	2	40	2	9		44	41			
	()	Class-Interval		4.5 - 14	4.5 - 14.5 15.5		- 2	5.5	26.5 - 36.5		.5	37.5 - 47.5		48	8.5 - 58.5	59.5 - 69.5
	(v)	Frequen	су	50			30		-	11		1	.1		30	42

30. Which of the following class intervals are in exclusive form?

- a) 16 21 , 21 26 , 26 31,...
- b) 34 39 , 40 45 , 46 51,...
- c) 16 21 , 22 27 , 28 33,...
- d) 31 36 , 36 41 , 41 46...
- e) 15.5 21.5 , 21.5 27.5 , 27.5 33.5...
- (i) $\{a,d,e\}$ (ii) $\{c,d\}$ (iii) $\{b,a\}$ (iv) $\{b,c,e\}$ (v) $\{b,a,d\}$

If the sum of the following frequency distribution is 26 , find the value of 'x'.

Value	Frequency	
4	2	
5	3	
6	9	
7	х	
9	3	
10	1	
11	3	
12	2	
(i) 6 ((ii) 4 (iii) 2	(iv) 3 (v) 0

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32. Emperical relation between Mean, Median and Mode is

(i) Mode = 3Median - 2Mean (ii) Mode = 2Median - 3Mean (iii) Mode = 3Median - 3Mean

- (iv) Mode = 3Median + 2Mean
- 33. Find the Mode when Median is 86.2 and Mean is 71.9.

(i) 116.8 (ii) 112.8 (iii) 113.8 (iv) 114.8 (v) 115.8

34. Find the Mode when Median is 83 and Mean is 32.(i) 185 (ii) 184 (iii) 183 (iv) 186 (v) 187

35. The mean and median of a uni-modal grouped data are 74.5 and 52.7 respectively. Find the mode of the data.(i) 118.1 (ii) 119.1 (iii) 117.1 (iv) 120.1 (v) 116.1

36. The mean and median of a uni-modal grouped data are 68 and 61 respectively. Find the mode of the data.

- (i) 83 (ii) 84 (iii) 81 (iv) 80 (v) 82
- 37. Which of the following are continuous variables?
 - a) Marks obtained by student in a particular subject
 - b) Rainfall at a place over a month
 - c) Number of workers in a factory
 - d) Heights of children in a class
 - e) Number of players in a team

(i) {a,b} (ii) {c,d,b} (iii) {c,d} (iv) {b,d} (v) {e,a,b}

38. Which of the following are discrete variables?

- a) Marks obtained by student in a particular subject
- b) Temperature at a place over a month
- c) Wages of workers in a factory
- d) Rainfall at a place over a month
- e) Number of players in a team
- (i) {a,e} (ii) {c,e} (iii) {c,e,a} (iv) {d,b,a} (v) {b,a}

Assignment Key							
1) (ii)	2) (i)	3) (ii)	4) (i)	5) (iv)	6) (ii)		
7) (ii)	8) (iii)	9) (iv)	10)(i)	11) (iii)	12) (iv)		
13) (i)	14) (ii)	15) (v)	16) (i)	17) (ii)	18) (iii)		
19) (iv)	20) (iv)	21) (iv)	22) (i)	23) (v)	24) (ii)		
25) (v)	26) (v)	27) (i)	28) (i)	29) (iii)	30) (i)		
31) (iv)	32) (i)	33) (iv)	34) (i)	35) (i)	36) (v)		
37) (iv)	38) (i)						

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