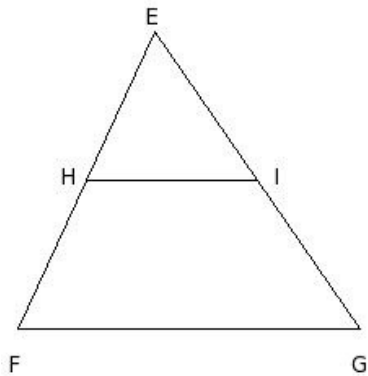


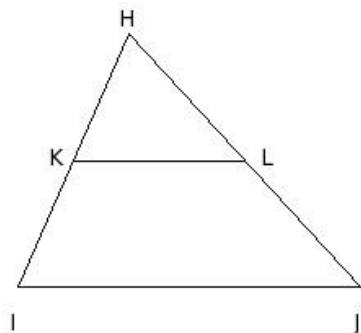


1. In the given figure $\triangle EFG$,
H is the mid-point of \overline{EF} and $\overline{HI} \parallel \overline{FG}$, then $EI =$



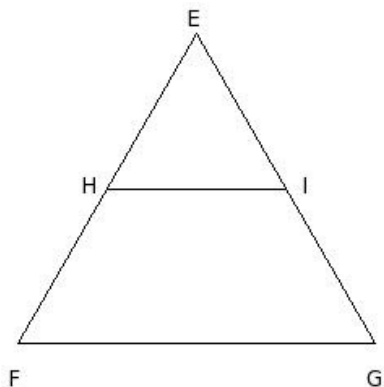
- (i) $\frac{GE}{2}$ (ii) $\frac{FG}{2}$ (iii) FG (iv) $\frac{EF}{2}$ (v) EH

2. In the given figure $\triangle HIJ$,
K is the mid-point of \overline{HI} and $\overline{KL} \parallel \overline{IJ}$, then $HK =$



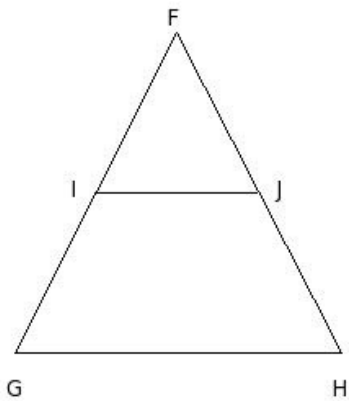
- (i) $\frac{IJ}{2}$ (ii) HL (iii) $\frac{JH}{2}$ (iv) $\frac{HI}{2}$ (v) IJ

3. In the given figure $\triangle EFG$,
H is the mid-point of \overline{EF} and $\overline{HI} \parallel \overline{FG}$, then $EH =$



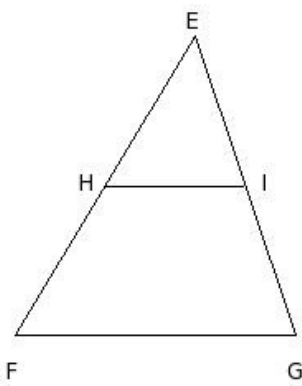
- (i) EI (ii) EF (iii) GE (iv) IG (v) HF

4. In the given figure $\triangle FGH$,
I is the mid-point of \overline{FG} and $\overline{IJ} \parallel \overline{GH}$, then $IG =$



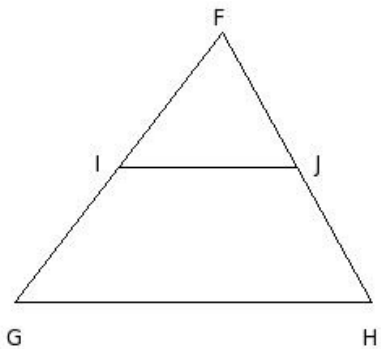
- (i) JH (ii) HF (iii) FG (iv) FJ (v) FI

5. In the given figure $\triangle EFG$,
H is the mid-point of \overline{EF} and $\overline{HI} \parallel \overline{FG}$, then $EI =$



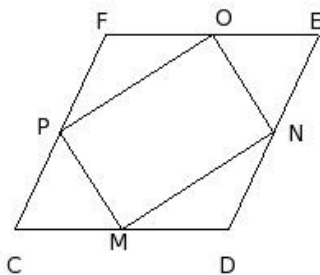
- (i) EH (ii) IG (iii) EF (iv) HF (v) GE

6. In the given figure $\triangle FGH$,
I is the mid-point of \overline{FG} and $\overline{IJ} \parallel \overline{GH}$, then $JH =$



- (i) HF (ii) FJ (iii) FI (iv) IG (v) FG

7. CDEF is a rhombus. M, N, O and P are mid-points of sides CD, DE, EF and FC. Find $\angle NOP$

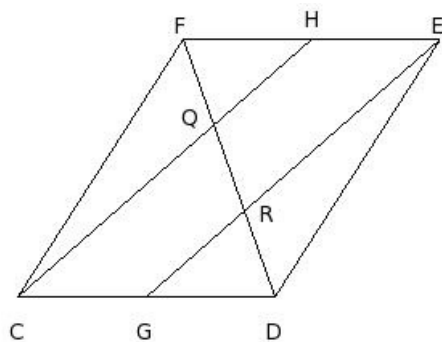


- (i) 92° (ii) 89° (iii) 88° (iv) 91° (v) 90°

In the given figure, CDEF is a parallelogram

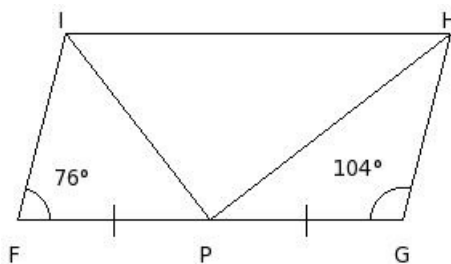
8. such that G and H are mid-points of sides CD & EF.

CH meets DF at Q and EG meets DF at R. Given $DF = 17$ cm, find QR



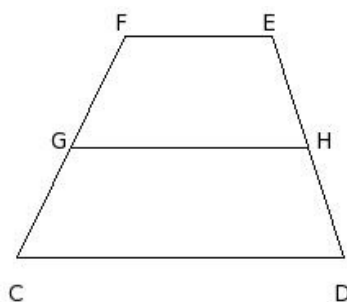
- (i) 5.67 cm (ii) 3.67 cm (iii) 4.67 cm (iv) 7.67 cm (v) 6.67 cm

9. In the given figure, FGHI is a parallelogram such that P is the mid-point of FG and $FG = 2IF$. Find $\angle IPH$



- (i) 90° (ii) 89° (iii) 91° (iv) 92° (v) 88°

10. In the given figure, CDEF is a trapezium. G and H are mid-points of CF and DE. Given $EF = 9$ cm and $GH = 14.5$ cm, find CD

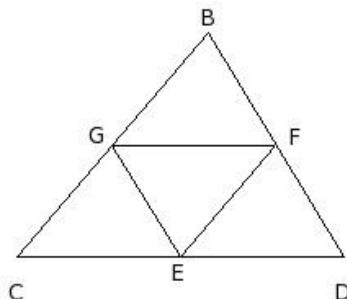


- (i) 20.0 cm (ii) 22.0 cm (iii) 19.0 cm (iv) 18.0 cm (v) 21.0 cm

In the given figure, $\triangle BCD$ is a triangle.

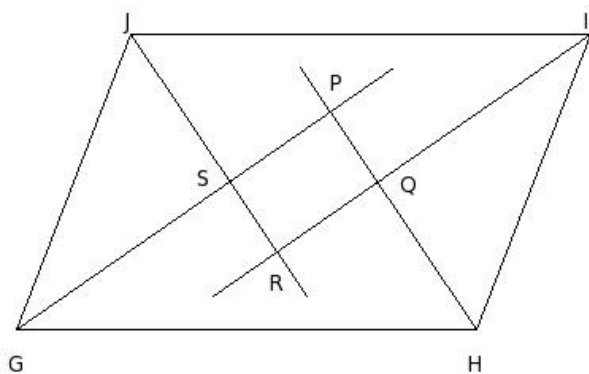
11. E, F & G are mid-points of CD, DB & BC respectively.

Given $EF = 9$ cm, $FG = 10$ cm & $GE = 8$ cm, find the sides of the triangle.



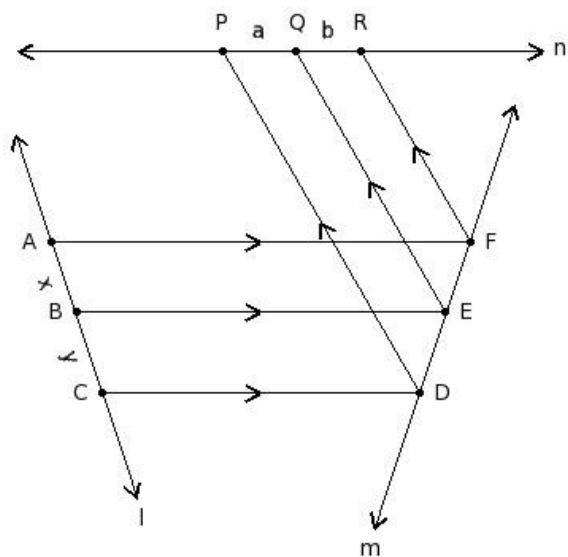
- (i) 18 cm, 19 cm & 16 cm (ii) 18 cm, 20 cm & 16 cm (iii) 18 cm, 20 cm & 19 cm (iv) 19 cm, 20 cm & 16 cm
(v) 16 cm, 20 cm & 16 cm

12. In the given figure, $GHIJ$ is a parallelogram. The bisector of the angles G, H, I & J intersect at P, Q, R & S to form a quadrilateral. Find $\angle PQR$



- (i) 91° (ii) 89° (iii) 88° (iv) 90° (v) 92°

13. In the given figure, l, m & n are three straight lines such that $AF \parallel BE \parallel CD$ and $DP \parallel EQ \parallel FR$. Given $x = 10$ cm, $y = 10$ cm and $b = 10$ cm, find 'a'



- (i) 8.00 cm (ii) 9.00 cm (iii) 11.00 cm (iv) 12.00 cm (v) 10.00 cm

Assignment Key

1) (i)	2) (iv)	3) (v)	4) (v)	5) (ii)	6) (ii)
7) (v)	8) (i)	9) (i)	10) (i)	11) (ii)	12) (iv)
13) (v)					

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