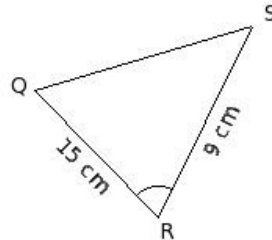
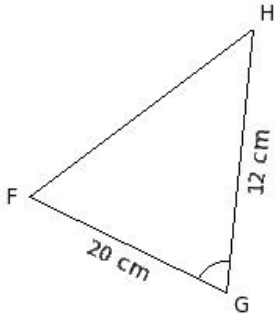


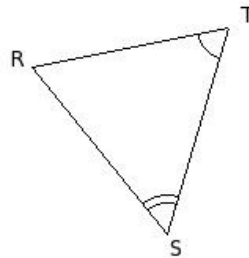
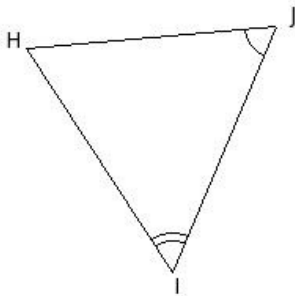


1. Identify the property by which the two given triangles are similar



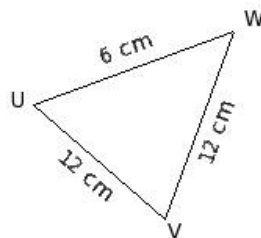
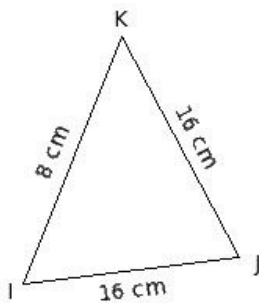
- (i) not similar (ii) AAA Similarity (iii) SSS Similarity (iv) SAS Similarity

2. Identify the property by which the two given triangles are similar



- (i) SAS Similarity (ii) SSS Similarity (iii) not similar (iv) AAA Similarity

3. Identify the property by which the two given triangles are similar

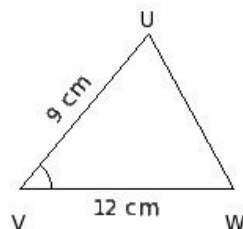
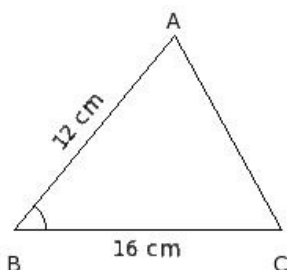


- (i) AAA Similarity (ii) SAS Similarity (iii) SSS Similarity (iv) not similar

In the given figure,  $\triangle ABC$  and  $\triangle UVW$  are such that

4.  $\angle B = \angle V$  and  $\frac{AB}{UV} = \frac{BC}{VW}$ .

Identify the property by which the two triangles are similar

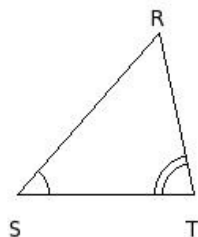
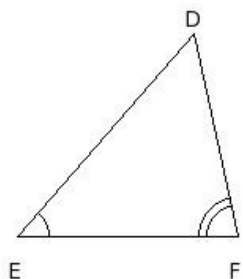


- (i) SSS Similarity (ii) AAA Similarity (iii) not similar (iv) SAS Similarity

In the given figure,  $\triangle DEF$  and  $\triangle RST$  are such that

5.  $\angle E = \angle S$  and  $\angle F = \angle T$ .

Identify the property by which the two triangles are similar

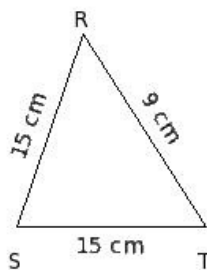
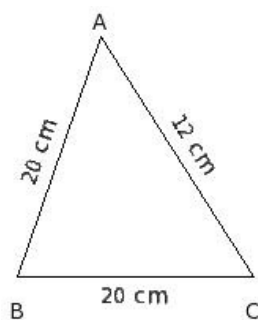


- (i) SSS Similarity (ii) not similar (iii) SAS Similarity (iv) AAA Similarity

In the given figure,  $\triangle ABC$  and  $\triangle RST$  are such that

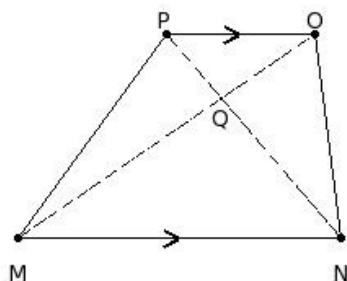
6.  $\frac{AB}{RS} = \frac{BC}{ST} = \frac{CA}{TR}$ .

Identify the property by which the two triangles are similar



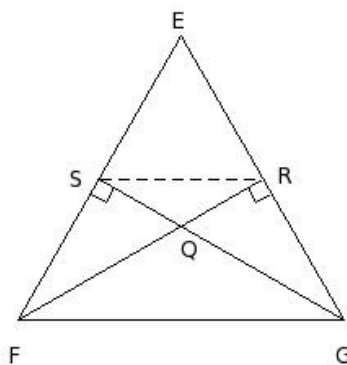
- (i) not similar (ii) AAA Similarity (iii) SSS Similarity (iv) SAS Similarity

7. In the given figure, MNOP is a trapezium in which  $MN \parallel OP$  and the diagonals NP and MO intersect at Q.  $\triangle QMN \sim$



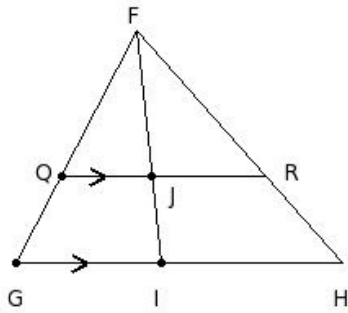
- (i)  $\triangle QOP$  (ii)  $\triangle QPM$  (iii)  $\triangle QNO$  (iv)  $\triangle PMN$  (v)  $\triangle NOP$

8. In the given figure, the altitudes RF and GS of  $\triangle EFG$  meet at Q.  $\triangle SFQ \sim$



- (i)  $\triangle RGF$  (ii)  $\triangle QSR$  (iii)  $\triangle SFG$  (iv)  $\triangle QFG$  (v)  $\triangle RGQ$

9. In the given figure,  $QR \parallel GH$ , and median  $FI$  bisects  $QR$ .  $\triangle FIH \sim$



(i)  $\triangle FGI$  (ii)  $\triangle FJR$  (iii)  $\triangle FQJ$  (iv)  $\triangle FGH$  (v)  $\triangle GHF$

10. Which of the following are true?

- a) Any two squares are congruent.
- b) Any two circles are similar.
- c) Any two triangles are similar.
- d) Any two circles are congruent.
- e) Any two triangles are congruent.
- f) Any two squares are similar.

(i)  $\{c, f\}$  (ii)  $\{d, e, b\}$  (iii)  $\{b, f\}$  (iv)  $\{a, b\}$  (v)  $\{a, f, b\}$

11. Which of the following are true?

- a) A circle is a polygonal region.
- b) A square is a polygonal region.
- c) A sector is a polygonal region.
- d) A triangle is a polygonal region.
- e) A semi-circle is a polygonal region.

(i)  $\{e, a, b\}$  (ii)  $\{c, d\}$  (iii)  $\{b, d\}$  (iv)  $\{a, b\}$  (v)  $\{c, d, b\}$

12. Which of the following are true?

- a) Similar figures have same area.
- b) Similar and congruent are not synonymous.
- c) Congruent figures have same area.
- d) If two figures are congruent, then they are similar too.
- e) If two figures are similar, then they are congruent too.

(i)  $\{e, c\}$  (ii)  $\{b, c, d\}$  (iii)  $\{a, b\}$  (iv)  $\{a, b, c\}$  (v)  $\{a, e, d\}$

13. Which of the following are true?

- a) Area of a convex polygonal region is equal to the sum of the areas of all triangles formed by joining the vertices of the polygon with an interior point.
- b) A polygonal region can be divided into a finite number of triangles in a unique way.
- c) Area of the union of two polygonal region is the sum of the individual area.
- d) Area of the union of two polygonal region is not equal to the sum of the individual area.

(i)  $\{b, d, a\}$  (ii)  $\{c, d\}$  (iii)  $\{b, a\}$  (iv)  $\{a, d\}$  (v)  $\{b, c, a\}$

14. Which of the following are necessary conditions for similarity of two polygons ?

- a) The corresponding angles are equal.
- b) The corresponding sides are equal.
- c) The corresponding angles are proportional.
- d) The corresponding sides are proportional.

(i)  $\{b,c,a\}$  (ii)  $\{b,d,a\}$  (iii)  $\{c,d\}$  (iv)  $\{b,a\}$  (v)  $\{a,d\}$

15. Which of the following are true?

- a) Similarity is symmetric.
- b) Similarity is transitive.
- c) Similarity is reflexive.
- d) Similarity is anti symmetric.

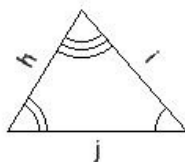
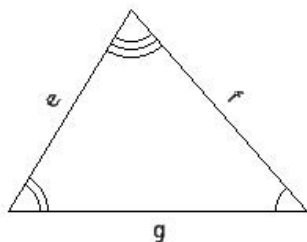
(i)  $\{d,a,b\}$  (ii)  $\{d,a\}$  (iii)  $\{d,b\}$  (iv)  $\{a,b,c\}$  (v)  $\{d,c\}$

16. Which of the following are true?

- a) Any two triangles are similar if the corresponding sides are proportional.
- b) Any two quadrilaterals are similar if the corresponding angles are equal.
- c) Any two triangles are similar if the corresponding angles are equal.
- d) Any two quadrilaterals are similar if the corresponding sides are proportional.

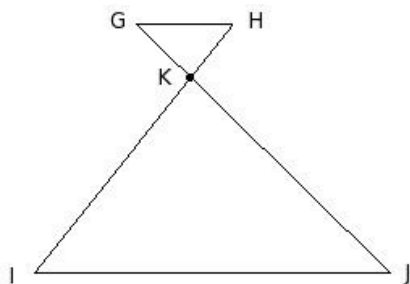
(i)  $\{b,a,c\}$  (ii)  $\{b,d\}$  (iii)  $\{b,c\}$  (iv)  $\{b,a\}$  (v)  $\{a,c,d\}$

17. In the given two similar triangles, if  $e = 15$  cm,  $f = 17$  cm,  $g = 19$  cm,  $i = 10.2$  cm, find  $j$



(i) 13.40 cm (ii) 10.40 cm (iii) 9.40 cm (iv) 12.40 cm (v) 11.40 cm

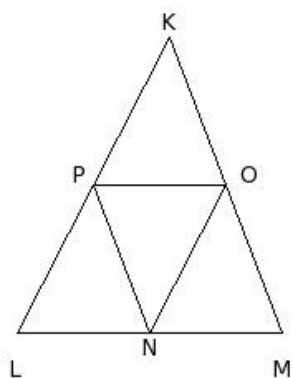
18. In the given figure, if  $GH \parallel IJ$  then



(i)  $\triangle GHK \sim \triangle KJI$  (ii)  $\triangle KGH \sim \triangle KIJ$  (iii)  $\triangle GHK \sim \triangle KIJ$  (iv)  $\triangle GHK \sim \triangle JIK$  (v)  $\triangle KHG \sim \triangle KJI$

19. In the given figure, points N , O and P are the mid-points of sides LM, MK and KL of  $\triangle KLM$ . Which of the following are true?

- a)  $\triangle NPO \sim \triangle KLM$
- b)  $\triangle ONM \sim \triangle KLM$
- c)  $\triangle KPO \sim \triangle KLM$
- d)  $\triangle NOP \sim \triangle KLM$
- e)  $\triangle PLN \sim \triangle KLM$



- (i) {a,c} (ii) {a,b} (iii) {a,e,b} (iv) {b,c,d,e} (v) {a,d}

## Assignment Key

1) (iv)	2) (iv)	3) (iii)	4) (iv)	5) (iv)	6) (iii)
7) (i)	8) (v)	9) (ii)	10) (iii)	11) (iii)	12) (ii)
13) (iv)	14) (v)	15) (iv)	16) (v)	17) (v)	18) (iv)
19) (iv)					