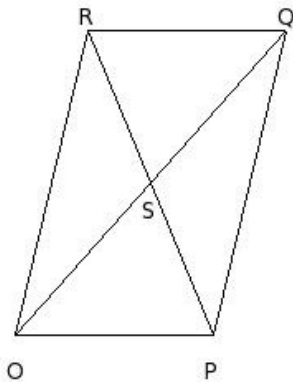


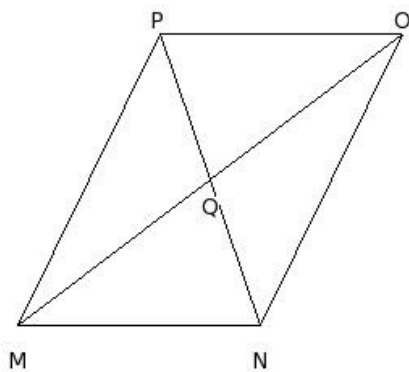


1. In parallelogram OPQR, diagonals \overline{PR} and \overline{OQ} intersect at S. Then $\triangle ROP \cong$



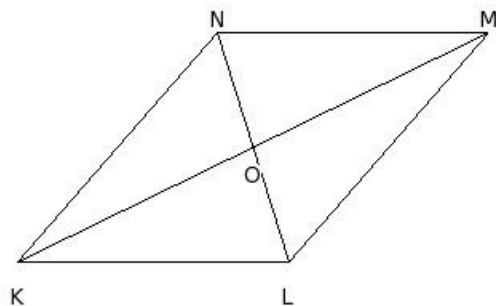
- (i) $\triangle OPS$ (ii) $\triangle PQR$ (iii) $\triangle OPQ$ (iv) $\triangle QRS$ (v) $\triangle QRO$

2. In parallelogram MNOP, diagonals \overline{NP} and \overline{MO} intersect at Q. Then $\triangle NOP \cong$



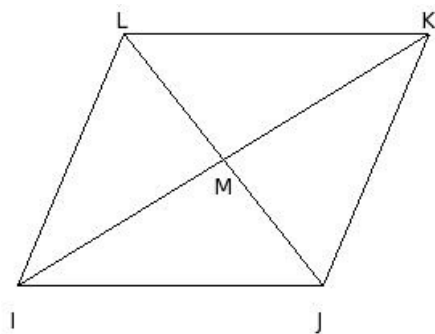
- (i) $\triangle MNQ$ (ii) $\triangle PMN$ (iii) $\triangle OPM$ (iv) $\triangle MNO$ (v) $\triangle OPQ$

3. In parallelogram KLMN, diagonals \overline{LN} and \overline{KM} intersect at O. Then $\triangle MNK \cong$



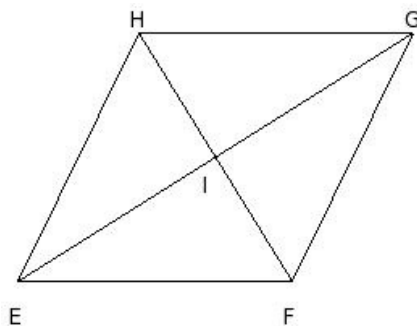
- (i) $\triangle KLM$ (ii) $\triangle LMN$ (iii) $\triangle KLO$ (iv) $\triangle NKL$ (v) $\triangle MNO$

4. In parallelogram IJKL, diagonals \overline{JL} and \overline{IK} intersect at M. Then $\triangle IJK \cong$



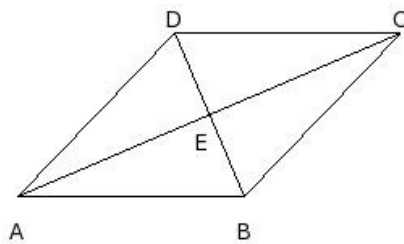
- (i) $\triangle LIJ$ (ii) $\triangle KLM$ (iii) $\triangle JKL$ (iv) $\triangle KLI$ (v) $\triangle IJM$

5. In rhombus EFGH, diagonals \overline{EG} and \overline{FH} intersect at I. Then $\triangle HEF \cong$



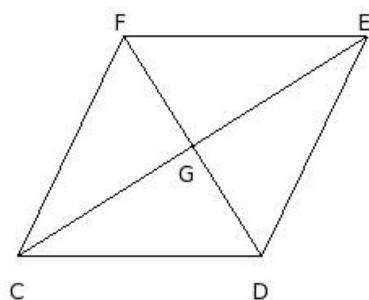
- (i) $\triangle FGH$ (ii) $\triangle IEF$ (iii) $\triangle EFG$ (iv) $\triangle GHE$

6. In rhombus ABCD, diagonals \overline{AC} and \overline{BD} intersect at E. Then $\triangle BCD \cong$



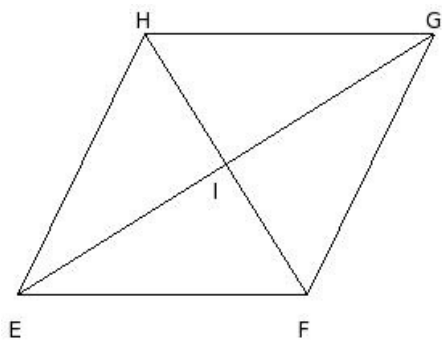
- (i) $\triangle EAB$ (ii) $\triangle CDA$ (iii) $\triangle DAB$ (iv) $\triangle ABC$

7. In rhombus CDEF, diagonals \overline{CE} and \overline{DF} intersect at G. Then $\triangle EFC \cong$



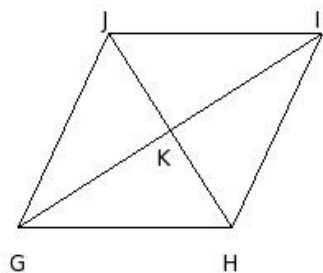
- (i) $\triangle FCD$ (ii) $\triangle DEF$ (iii) $\triangle GCD$ (iv) $\triangle CDE$

8. In rhombus EFGH, diagonals \overline{EG} and \overline{FH} intersect at I. Then $\triangle EFG \cong$



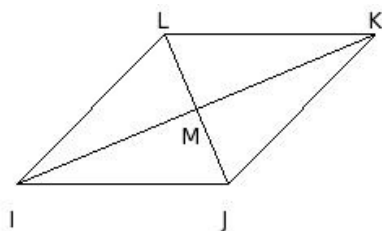
- (i) $\triangle FGH$ (ii) $\triangle GHE$ (iii) $\triangle IEF$ (iv) $\triangle HEF$

9. In rhombus GHIJ, diagonals \overline{GI} and \overline{HJ} intersect at K. Then $\triangle KGH \cong$



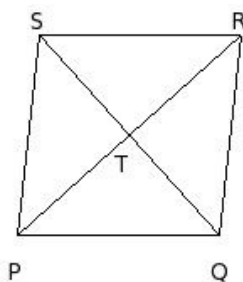
- (i) $\triangle KGJ$ (ii) $\triangle JGH$ (iii) $\triangle KIJ$ (iv) $\triangle KIH$

10. In rhombus IJKL, diagonals \overline{IK} and \overline{JL} intersect at M. Then $\triangle MKJ \cong$



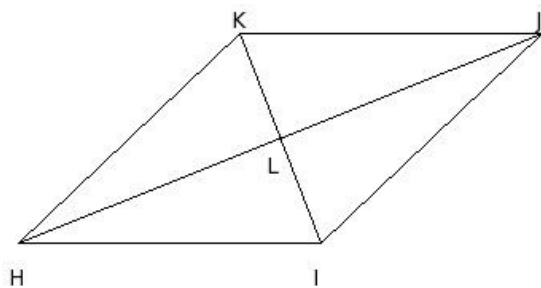
- (i) $\triangle LIJ$ (ii) $\triangle MKL$ (iii) $\triangle MIJ$ (iv) $\triangle MIL$

11. In rhombus PQRS, diagonals \overline{PR} and \overline{QS} intersect at T. Then $\triangle TRS \cong$



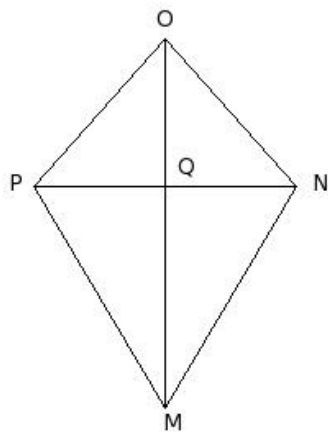
- (i) $\triangle TPS$ (ii) $\triangle TPQ$ (iii) $\triangle SPQ$ (iv) $\triangle TRQ$

12. In rhombus $HJKI$, diagonals \overline{HJ} and \overline{IK} intersect at L . Then $\triangle LHK \cong$



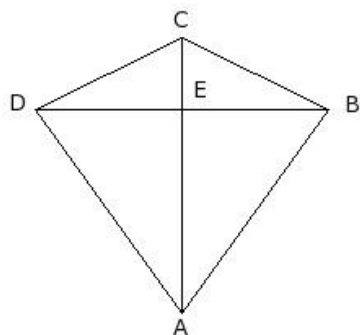
- (i) $\triangle LHI$ (ii) $\triangle KHI$ (iii) $\triangle LJK$ (iv) $\triangle LJI$

13. In kite $MNOP$, \overline{MO} and \overline{NP} are diagonals. Then $\triangle OPM \cong$



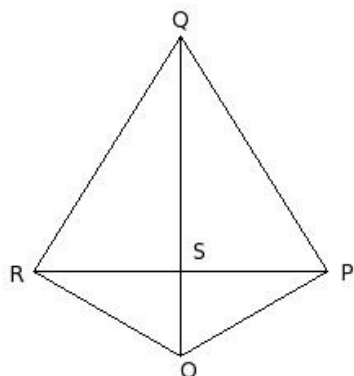
- (i) $\triangle PNO$ (ii) $\triangle PNM$ (iii) $\triangle QON$ (iv) $\triangle ONM$ (v) $\triangle QPM$

14. In kite $ABCD$, \overline{AC} and \overline{BD} are diagonals. Then $\triangle CBA \cong$



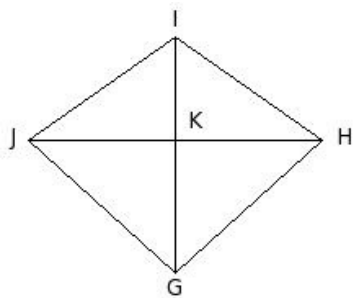
- (i) $\triangle EDA$ (ii) $\triangle DBA$ (iii) $\triangle DBC$ (iv) $\triangle ECB$ (v) $\triangle CDA$

15. In kite $OPQR$, \overline{OQ} and \overline{PR} are diagonals. Then $\triangle SRO \cong$



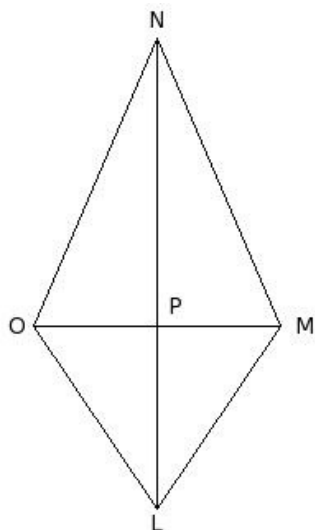
- (i) $\triangle RPO$ (ii) $\triangle RPQ$ (iii) $\triangle SPO$ (iv) $\triangle SQR$ (v) $\triangle SQP$

16. In kite $GHIJ$, \overline{GI} and \overline{HJ} are diagonals. Then $\triangle KHG \cong$



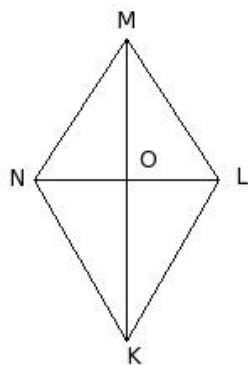
- (i) $\triangle KJG$ (ii) $\triangle KIH$ (iii) $\triangle JHG$ (iv) $\triangle KIJ$ (v) $\triangle JHI$

17. In kite $LMNO$, \overline{LN} and \overline{MO} are diagonals. Then $\triangle PNO \cong$



- (i) $\triangle OML$ (ii) $\triangle POL$ (iii) $\triangle PML$ (iv) $\triangle PNM$ (v) $\triangle OMN$

18. In kite $KLMN$, \overline{KM} and \overline{LN} are diagonals. Then $\triangle OML \cong$



- (i) $\triangle NLK$ (ii) $\triangle ONK$ (iii) $\triangle OLK$ (iv) $\triangle OMN$ (v) $\triangle NLM$

19. Which of the following are true?

- a) Any two triangles are similar.
- b) Any two circles are similar.
- c) Any two squares are similar.
- d) Any two triangles are congruent.
- e) Any two squares are congruent.
- f) Any two circles are congruent.

- (i) $\{d,c\}$ (ii) $\{a,c,b\}$ (iii) $\{e,f,b\}$ (iv) $\{b,c\}$ (v) $\{a,b\}$

20. Which of the following are true?

- a) A semi-circle is a polygonal region.
- b) A square is a polygonal region.
- c) A triangle is a polygonal region.
- d) A sector is a polygonal region.
- e) A circle is a polygonal region.

(i) {d,c,b} (ii) {b,c} (iii) {e,a,b} (iv) {d,c} (v) {a,b}

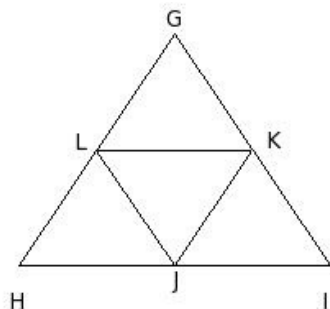
21. Which of the following are true?

- a) Similar and congruent are not synonymous.
- b) If two figures are congruent, then they are similar too.
- c) If two figures are similar, then they are congruent too.
- d) Congruent figures have same area.
- e) Similar figures have same area.

(i) {a,b,d} (ii) {c,e,d} (iii) {c,a} (iv) {c,a,b} (v) {e,b}

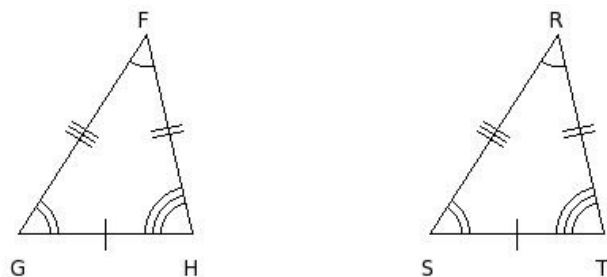
22. In the given figure, points J, K and L are the mid-points of sides HI, IG and GH of $\triangle GHI$. Which of the following are true?

- a) $\triangle LHJ \cong \triangle JKL$
- b) $\triangle LHJ \cong \triangle GLK$
- c) $\triangle GLK \cong \triangle JLK$
- d) $\triangle GLK \cong \triangle JKL$
- e) $\triangle GLK \cong \triangle KJI$



(i) {c,a} (ii) {c,d} (iii) {c,b} (iv) {a,b,d,e} (v) {c,e,a}

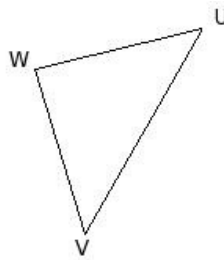
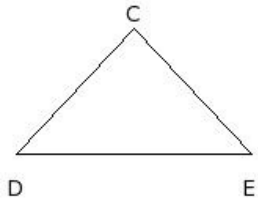
23. In the given figure, which of the following is true?



(i) $\triangle FGH \cong \triangle TRS$ (ii) $\triangle FGH \cong \triangle STR$ (iii) $\triangle FGH \cong \triangle RST$ (iv) $\triangle FGH \cong \triangle TSR$ (v) $\triangle GHF \cong \triangle RST$

24. In the given figure, $\triangle CDE \cong \triangle WVU$. Which of the following are true?

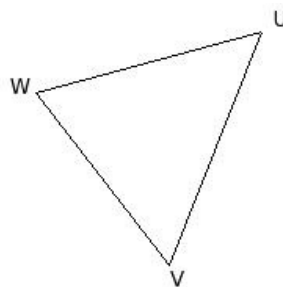
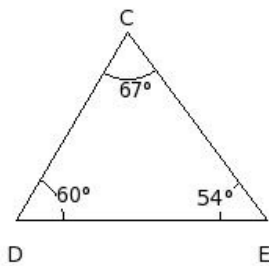
- a) $\angle E = \angle U$
- b) $DE = WV$
- c) $DE = VU$
- d) $\angle D = \angle V$
- e) $\angle C = \angle U$



- (i) $\{b, e, d\}$ (ii) $\{b, a, c\}$ (iii) $\{b, a\}$ (iv) $\{e, c\}$ (v) $\{a, c, d\}$

25. In the given figure, $\triangle CDE \cong \triangle WVU$. Which of the following are true?

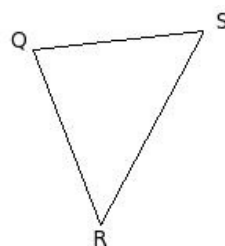
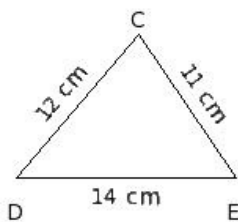
- a) $\angle U = 54^\circ$
- b) $\angle U = 67^\circ$
- c) $\angle V = 60^\circ$
- d) $\angle W = 67^\circ$
- e) $\angle V = 54^\circ$
- f) $\angle W = 60^\circ$



- (i) $\{a, c, d\}$ (ii) $\{e, a, c\}$ (iii) $\{e, c\}$ (iv) $\{f, b, d\}$ (v) $\{b, a\}$

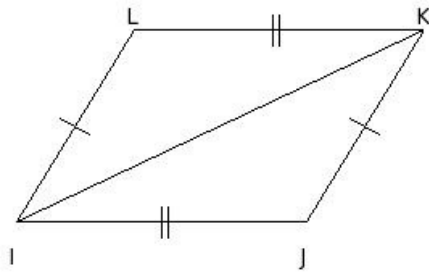
26. In the given figure, $\triangle CDE \cong \triangle QRS$. Which of the following are true?

- a) $QR = 12$ cm
- b) $SQ = 11$ cm
- c) $SQ = 12$ cm
- d) $QR = 14$ cm
- e) $RS = 14$ cm
- f) $RS = 12$ cm



- (i) $\{d, b\}$ (ii) $\{f, c, e\}$ (iii) $\{d, a, b\}$ (iv) $\{a, b, e\}$ (v) $\{c, a\}$

27. In the given figure, which of the following is true?



- (i) $\triangle IKL \cong \triangle IJK$ (ii) $\triangle IKL \cong \triangle KIJ$ (iii) $\triangle IKL \cong \triangle IKJ$ (iv) $\triangle ILK \cong \triangle JKI$ (v) $\triangle ILK \cong \triangle IJK$

28. In the given figure, which pair of triangles are not congruent ?

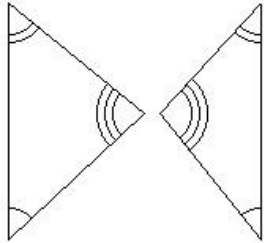


fig 3

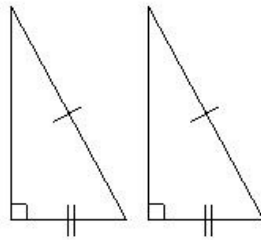


fig 4

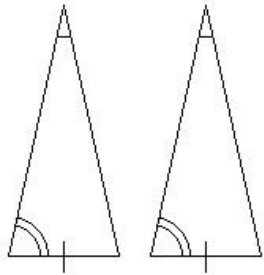


fig 1

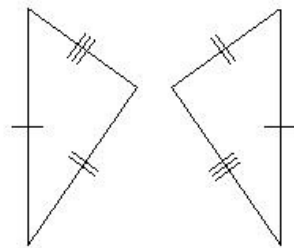


fig 2

- (i) fig 3 (ii) fig 1 (iii) fig 2 (iv) fig 4

29. In the given figure, which pair of triangles are not congruent ?

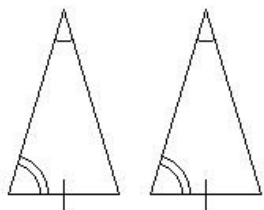


fig 3

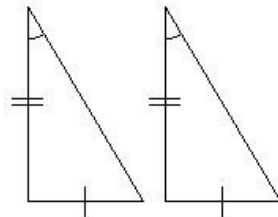


fig 4

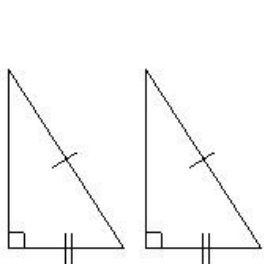


fig 1

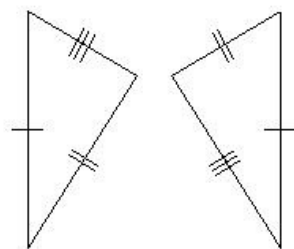


fig 2

- (i) fig 1 (ii) fig 4 (iii) fig 3 (iv) fig 2

30. In the given figure, which pair of triangles are not congruent ?

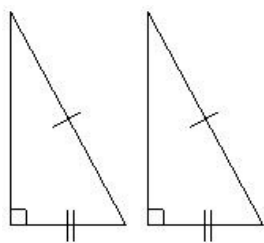


fig 3

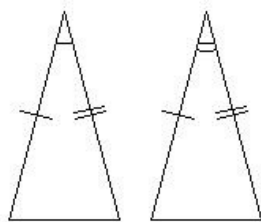


fig 4

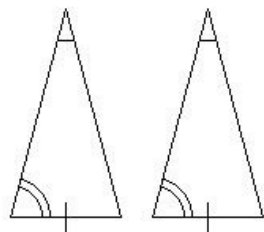


fig 1

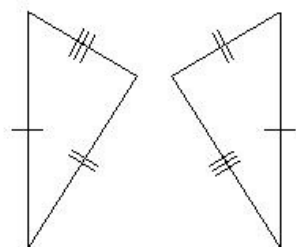


fig 2

(i) fig 3 (ii) fig 1 (iii) fig 2 (iv) fig 4

Assignment Key

1) (ii)	2) (ii)	3) (i)	4) (iv)	5) (i)	6) (iii)
7) (iv)	8) (ii)	9) (ii)	10) (i)	11) (iii)	12) (ii)
13) (iv)	14) (v)	15) (iii)	16) (i)	17) (iv)	18) (iv)
19) (iv)	20) (ii)	21) (i)	22) (iv)	23) (iii)	24) (v)
25) (i)	26) (iv)	27) (ii)	28) (i)	29) (ii)	30) (iv)