

## EduSahara<sup>™</sup> Assignment

- The English alphabet letter 'A' has how many lines of symmetry?
   (i) infinite (ii) one (iii) three (iv) zero (v) two
- 2. The English alphabet letter 'l' has how many lines of symmetry?(i) three (ii) infinite (iii) two (iv) zero (v) one
- 3. The English alphabet letter 'Q' has how many lines of symmetry?(i) infinite (ii) one (iii) three (iv) zero (v) two
- 4. The English alphabet letter 'O' has how many lines of symmetry?(i) infinite (ii) zero (iii) two (iv) one (v) three
- 5. Which of the following English alphabet letters have one line of symmetry?(i) L (ii) H (iii) S (iv) I (v) B
- 6. Which of the following English alphabet letters have two lines of symmetry?(i) B (ii) X (iii) J (iv) R (v) E
- 7. Which of the following English alphabet letters have infinite lines of symmetry?
  (i) O (ii) I (iii) X (iv) D (v) C
- 8. Which of the following English alphabet letters have zero lines of symmetry?(i) T (ii) I (iii) H (iv) A (v) G
- 9. Which of the following figures have no line of symmetry?
  - a) line segment
  - b) equilateral triangle
  - c) isosceles triangle
  - d) scalene triangle
  - e) angle with unequal arms
  - f) angle with equal arms

(i) {a,e,d} (ii) {c,f,d} (iii) {a,d} (iv) {d,e} (v) {b,e}

- 10. Which of the following figures have one line of symmetry?
  - a) isosceles right angled triangle
  - b) line segment
  - c) angle with unequal arms
  - d) equilateral triangle
  - e) right angled triangle
  - f) isosceles triangle
  - g) angle with equal arms
  - h) scalene triangle

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11. Which of the following are true?
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- a) A line segment has one line of symmetry.
- b) Line of symmetry and axis of symmetry are same.
- c) A figure can be broken into two congruent shapes about its axis of symmetry.
- d) An obtuse angled triangle has zero lines of symmetry.
- e) A figure can have multiple axes of symmetry.
- f) For every point on the figure on one side of the axis of symmetry, there is a corresponding point on the other side.
- g) Line of symmetry is perpendicular to axis of symmetry.
- h) Axis of symmetry of a figure need not intersect with the figure at any point.

(i) {a,f,b} (ii) {a,b} (iii) {g,h,e} (iv) {d,c} (v) {b,c,e,f}

12. Which of the following figures have two lines of symmetry?

- a) angle with equal arms
- b) line segment
- c) scalene triangle
- d) isosceles trapezium
- e) square
- f) isosceles triangle
- g) kite
- h) rectangle

(i) {d,e,b} (ii) {a,b} (iii) {b,h} (iv) {f,h,b} (v) {c,h}

13. Which of the following figures have three lines of symmetry?

- a) right angle triangle
- b) line segment
- c) isosceles right angled triangle
- d) isosceles triangle
- e) scalene triangle
- f) equilateral triangle

(i) {a,f} (ii) {c,d,f} (iii) {e,f} (iv) {f} (v) {b,f}

14. A median is an axis of symmetry in which of the given figures?

- a) isosceles triangle
- b) equilateral triangle
- c) scalene triangle
- d) isosceles right angled triangle
- e) right angle triangle

(i)  $\{c,e,d\}$  (ii)  $\{c,a\}$  (iii)  $\{e,b\}$  (iv)  $\{c,a,b\}$  (v)  $\{a,b,d\}$ 

15. Which of the following quadrilaterals have zero lines of symmetry?

- a) rhombus
- b) square
- c) trapezium
- d) parallelogram
- e) rectangle
- f) kite
- g) isosceles trapezium

(i) {a,c} (ii) {b,d} (iii) {c,d} (iv) {g,d,c} (v) {e,f,c}

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16. Which of the following quadrilaterals have one line of symmetry?
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- a) kite
- b) square
- c) parallelogram
- d) rhombus
- e) trapezium
- f) isosceles trapezium
- g) rectangle

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(i) {b,a} (ii) {d,e,a} (iii) {c,f} (iv) {g,f,a} (v) {a,f}
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17. Which of the following quadrilaterals have two lines of symmetry?

- a) kite
- b) square
- c) rhombus
- d) rectangle
- e) parallelogram
- f) isosceles trapezium
- g) trapezium

(i) {b,d} (ii) {c,d} (iii) {a,c} (iv) {e,f,c} (v) {g,d,c}

18. Which of the following quadrilaterals have three lines of symmetry?

- a) parallelogram
- b) rhombus
- c) isosceles trapezium
- d) square
- e) trapezium
- f) none
- g) rectangle

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(i) {a,f} (ii) {e,f} (iii) {c,d,f} (iv) {b,f} (v) {f}
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19. Which of the following quadrilaterals have four lines of symmetry?

- a) rectangle
- b) isosceles trapezium
- c) square
- d) trapezium
- e) kite
- f) rhombus
- g) parallelogram

(i) {f,c} (ii) {d,e,c} (iii) {b,c} (iv) {c} (v) {a,c}

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20. Which of the following are true?
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- a) Line of symmetry divides the polygon into two identical shapes.
- b) A regular polygon of n sides will have n lines of symmetry.
- c) If a quadrilateral has four lines of symmetry, then it is a regular polygon.
- d) An n-sided regular polygon has n/2 lines of symmetry if n is even.
- e) If a polygon is not regular, it will have less number of axes of symmetry than the number of sides.
- f) If a triangle has two lines of symmetry, then it is a regular polygon.
- g) Lines of symmetry of a regular polygon are nothing but the diagonals of a regular polygon.

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(i) {f,e,a} (ii) {a,b,c,e} (iii) {f,b} (iv) {d,a} (v) {g,d,c}
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21. A figure possesses rotational symmetry if it regain its shape after rotating

- a) 360°
- b) 270°
- c) 180°
- d) 90°

(i)  $\{a,b,c\}$  (ii)  $\{a,d\}$  (iii)  $\{a,c\}$  (iv)  $\{b,c,d\}$  (v)  $\{a,b\}$ 

22. Which of the following quadrilaterals have no rotational symmetry?

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a) isosceles trapezium
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- b) rhombus
- c) trapezium
- d) parallelogram
- e) kite
- f) rectangle
- g) square
- (i)  $\{a,c,e\}$  (ii)  $\{b,a,c\}$  (iii)  $\{b,a\}$  (iv)  $\{d,c\}$  (v)  $\{f,g,e\}$

23. Which of the following triangles have rotational symmetry?

- a) equilateral triangle
- b) isosceles right angled triangle
- c) scalene triangle
- d) right angle triangle
- e) isosceles triangle
- (i) {b,a} (ii) {a} (iii) {d,e,a} (iv) {c,a}

## 24. Which of the following are true?

- a) A rhombus has rotational symmetry of order four.
- b) A parallelogram has rotational symmetry of order four.
- c) A rectangle has rotational symmetry of order four.
- d) A square has rotational symmetry of order four.
- e) A semi-circle has rotational symmetry of order two.
- (i) {a,d} (ii) {b,d} (iii) {d} (iv) {c,e,d}
- 25. If a figure has rotational symmetry of order 3, then it regain its shape after being rotated by an angle of
  (i) 146° (ii) 128° (iii) 107° (iv) 106° (v) 120°



a) equilateral triangle

b) isosceles triangle

c) line segment

d) scalene triangle

e) angle with equal arms

(i)  $\{a,d\}$  (ii)  $\{c,e,d\}$  (iii)  $\{d\}$  (iv)  $\{b,d\}$ 

27. Which of the following English alphabet letters has rotational symmetry?

(i) D (ii) A (iii) I (iv) E (v) C

28. Which of the following English alphabet letters does not have rotational symmetry?

(i) B (ii) I (iii) O (iv) N (v) S

29. Which of the following figures have infinite lines of symmetry?

a) sector of a circle

b) semicircle

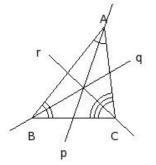
c) n-sided polygon where n is very large

d) circle

e) line segment

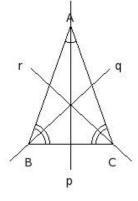
(i) {d} (ii) {a,d} (iii) {b,d} (iv) {c,e,d}

30. Identify the line(s) of symmetry in the following figure



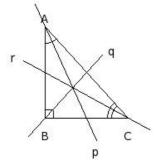
(i) none (ii) r (iii) q (iv) { p, q, r } (v) p

31. Identify the line(s) of symmetry in the following figure



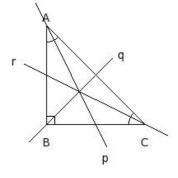
(i) r (ii) q (iii) none (iv) p (v) { p, q, r }

32. Identify the line(s) of symmetry in the following figure



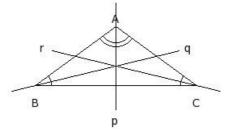
(i) p (ii) q (iii) r (iv) { p, q, r } (v) none

33. Identify the line(s) of symmetry in the following figure



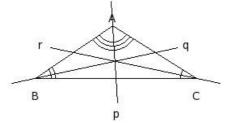
(i) p (ii) r (iii) q (iv) { p, q, r } (v) none

34. Identify the line(s) of symmetry in the following figure



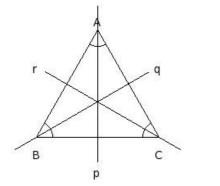
(i) p (ii) q (iii) { p, q, r } (iv) none (v) r

35. Identify the line(s) of symmetry in the following figure



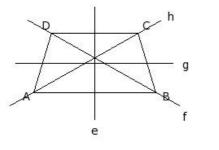
(i) p (ii) none (iii) q (iv) r (v) { p, q, r }

36. Identify the line(s) of symmetry in the following figure

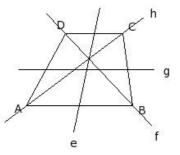


(i) none (ii) { p, q, r } (iii) q (iv) p (v) r

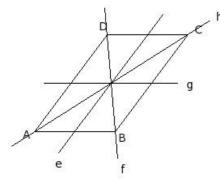
37. Which of the following are line(s) of symmetry for the given isosceles trapezium?



- (i) { f, h } (ii) h (iii) none (iv) e (v) f
- 38. Which of the following are line(s) of symmetry for the given trapezium?

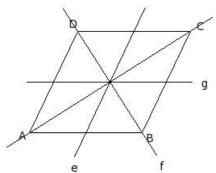


- (i) e (ii) { e, f, g, h } (iii) { f, h } (iv) none (v) { e, g }
- 39. Which of the following are line(s) of symmetry for the given parallelogram?



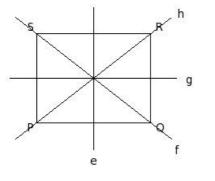
(i) none (ii) g (iii) h (iv) e (v) { e, g }

40. Which of the following are line(s) of symmetry for the given rhombus?

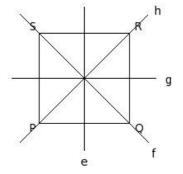


(i) e (ii) { f, h } (iii) none (iv) g (v) { e, g }

41. Which of the following are line(s) of symmetry for the given rectangle?

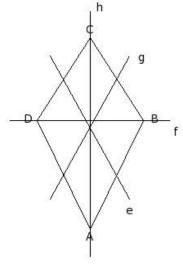


- (i) f (ii) h (iii) { e, g } (iv) { f, h } (v) e
- 42. Which of the following are line(s) of symmetry for the given square?



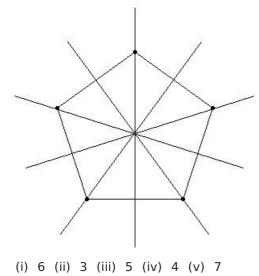
(i) { e, f, g, h } (ii) g (iii) { e, g } (iv) { f, h } (v) f

43. Which of the following are line(s) of symmetry for the given kite?

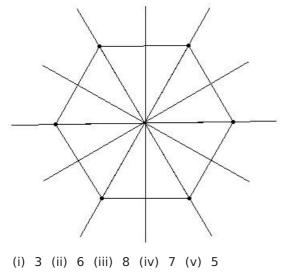


(i) f (ii) { f, h } (iii) e (iv) h (v) { e, f, g, h }

44. Given figure has how many lines of symmetry?



45. Given figure has how many lines of symmetry?



1) (ii) 7) (i)	2) (iii)	2 $(iy)$			Assignment Key					
7) (i)		3) (iv)	4) (i)	5) (v)	6) (ii)					
/)(1)	8) (v)	9) (iv)	10) (v)	11) (v)	12) (iii)					
13) (iv)	14) (v)	15) (iii)	16) (v)	17) (ii)	18) (v)					
19) (iv)	20) (ii)	21) (iv)	22) (i)	23) (ii)	24) (iii)					
25) (v)	26) (iii)	27) (iii)	28) (i)	29) (i)	30) (i)					
31) (iv)	32) (v)	33) (iii)	34) (i)	35) (ii)	36) (ii)					
37) (iv)	38) (iv)	39) (i)	40) (ii)	41) (iii)	42) (i)					
43) (iv)	44) (iii)	45) (ii)								

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